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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/563,338	01/03/2006	Louis Lagler	P/4631-14	8840	
2352			EXAM	EXAMINER	
			KIRSCH, ANDREW THOMAS		
NEW YORK,	NY 100368403		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
		3781			
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
			12/16/2009	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	'' ''	
10/563,338	LAGLER, LOUIS	
Examiner	Art Unit	
ANDREW T. KIRSCH	3781	

Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
·	ANDREW T. KIRSCH	3781					
The MAILING DATE of this communication app			dduaaa				
Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence ad	idress				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CPR 1.15 and 50 K (b) MONTH's from the mailing date of this communication. - Failur to roply within the size or extended period for mply will. by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three montas after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CPR 1.70(4b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this of D (35 U.S.C. § 133).	,				
Status							
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on							
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is							
closed in accordance with the practice under E	x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 45	53 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims							
4) Claim(s) 1-10 is/are pending in the application.							
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw							
Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-10</u> is/are rejected.							
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	r election requirement.						
Application Papers							
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.						
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on 30 January 2009 is/are:	a)⊠ accepted or b)□ objected	to by the Examir	ier.				
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See	e 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct	ion is required if the drawing(s) is obj	jected to. See 37 C	FR 1.121(d).				
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form P	ΓΟ-152.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a))-(d) or (f).					
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:							
 Certified copies of the priority documents 	s have been received.						
Certified copies of the priority documents							
Copies of the certified copies of the prior	•	ed in this National	Stage				
application from the International Bureau							
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list	of the certified copies not receive	ed.					
Attachment(s)	<u></u>						
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da						
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (P10-948) 3) Information Displacers Statement(e) (PTO/SE/08)	5) Notice of Informal P						
Paper No(s)/Mail Date	6) ☐ Other: .						

Attachment(s)		
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	
3) Information Displaceure Statement(e) (FTO/SB/00)	5) Notice of Informal Patent Application	
Paper No(s)/Mail Date	6) Other:	

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DETAILED ACTION

1. The amendment filed 8/27/2009, has been entered.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action: (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- Claim 1-6, 7, 9, and 10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being 3. unpatentable over US Patent No. 5,148,912 (Nozawa hereinafter) in view of US Patent No. 6.041.477 (Rentsch et al. hereinafter) and U.S. Patent No. 6.460.712 (Smith et al. hereinafter).

FIG.1

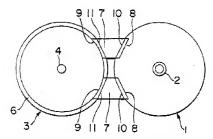
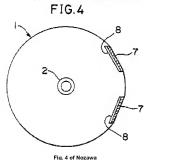


Fig. 1 of US Patent No. 5,148,912 (Nozawa hereinafter)



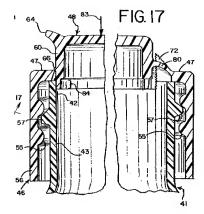
- In re Claim 1, with reference to Fig. 1 and Fig. 4 above, Nozawa discloses: A closure moulded in closed position with
- a ring shaped body (1) comprising fixing (col. 7, lines 5-7) means to fix the closure on a neck of a bottle, and

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• a lid (3), comprising a sealing means (4) to seal an orifice (2) of the bottle,

• a snap hinge comprising a first and a second trapezoid element (7) and a first and second pair of film hinges (10, 11) each pair defining a first and a second plane (Fig. 4), the first and the second pair of film hinges (10, 11) connecting the first and the second trapezoid element (7) to the lid (3) and to the body (1), whereby the first and the second plane are arranged substantially parallel to an axis A (Fig. 4) of the closure.

- Nozawa does not disclose wherein the sealing means directly contacting the neck of the bottle.
- 6. However, with reference to Fig. 17 below, Smith et al. discloses a closure wherein a sealing member (84) not only seals an orifice (42) of a bottle and the orifice of the body (47, at 66), but also directly contacts the neck (43) of the bottle to better seal the sealing means to the bottle.



- 7. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to have modified the closure Nozawa to have directly contacted the neck of the bottle as taught by Smith et al. for the purposes of providing a more reliable seal and reducing the number of seal joints as possible leak points on the container.
- Nozawa in view of Smith et al. does not disclose that the body and the lid are separated by a circumferential gap.

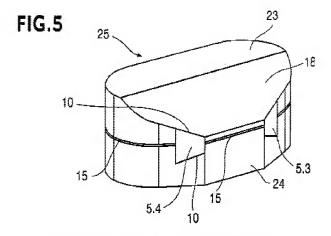


Fig. 5 of US Patent No. 6,041,477 (Rentsch et al. hereinafter)

- However, with reference to Fig. 5 above, Rentsch et al. discloses a closure whereby the body (24) and the lid (23) are separated from each other by a circumferential gap (15).
- 10. Thus it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the pertinent art at the time the invention was made to have modified the closure of Nozawa to have a circumferential gap as taught by Rentsch et al. in order to achieve the predictable result of separating the body from the lid.

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11. In re Claim 2, Rentsch et al. discloses the first and second pair of film hinges are arranged at an angle Φ to each other, and the first and the second plane defined by the first and the second pair of film hinges are arranged at an angle ω , the angle Φ and an opening angle α of the closure is:

$$\phi/2 = a \tan \left[\frac{\sin(\alpha)}{1 - \cos(\alpha)} \sin(\frac{\omega}{2}) \right]$$
 (column 13, lines 1-10)

- 12. In re claim 3, Rentsch et al. discloses that the opening angle a is in the range of 180° and 240° (col. 3, lines 39-42; col. 4, lines 51-53).
- 13. In re Claim 5, with reference to Fig. 1 and Fig. 4 above, Nozawa discloses that that the film hinges (10, 11) are defined by a plane on the inside of the closure and the outside of the film hinges (10, 11) is defined by two flat boundary planes, arranged at an angle each other, and a cylindrical boundary surface having a radius. It is implicit that the boundary planes of the film hinges be at angle to each and have a cylindrical boundary surface otherwise the closure would not open.
- 14. In re Claim 6, with reference to Fig. 1 and Fig. 4 above, Nozawa discloses that the trapezoid elements (7) are spaced apart by a cutout.

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FIG. 7

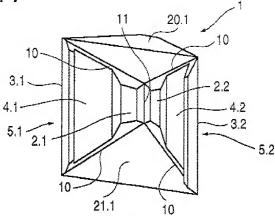
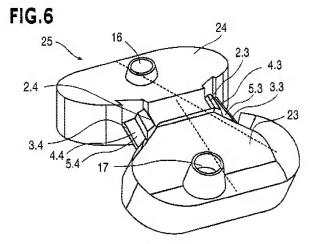


Fig. 7 of Rentsch et al.

15. In re Claim 7, with reference to Fig. 7 above, Rentsch et al. discloses that the trapezoid elements (5.1, 5.2) are connected by a thin film hinge along a shorter edge (11).

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16. In re Claim 9, with reference to Fig. 6 above, Rentsch et al. discloses that the body (24) and lid (23) are in the open position spaced a distance s apart, whereby distance s is equal to 50% to 90% of the shorter edge of the trapezoid element (5.4, 5.3). In order for s to be 50% to 90% of the shorter edge of the trapezoid α must be between 120° and 154° or between 206° and 240°. Rentsch et al. discloses that the closure is capable of angles greater than 180°. Thus, the closure disclosed by Rentsch et al. can be in either range of angles when in the open position.

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17. Claim 8 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Nozawa in view of Rentsch et al. as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of US Patent Application Publication No. 2002/0079282A1 (Harrold et al. hereinafter).

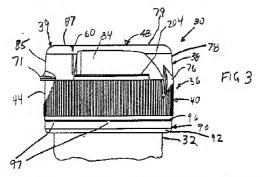


Fig. 3 of US Patent Application Publication No. 2002/0079282A1 (Harrold et al. hereinafter)

- 18. In re Claim 8, with reference to Fig. 1, Fig. 4, and Fig. 5 above, Nozawa in view of Rentsch et al. discloses the claimed invention except for tamper evidence means.
- However, with reference to Fig. 3 above, Harrold et al. discloses tamper evidence means (90).
- 20. Thus, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the pertinent art at the time the invention was made to have modified the closure disclosed by Nozawa in view of Rentsch et al. to have tamper evidence means as taught by Harrold et al. in order to achieve the predictable result of indicating if the closure had been tampered with.

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Response to Arguments

 Applicant's arguments filed 8/27/2009 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

22. Applicant argues on page 5 of the remarks that the examiner has not provided a reference disclosing the molding of a closure in a closed position. However, the examiner maintains the scenario of molding a closure in a closed position by use of a two-stage mold to be well within the ordinary skill of one in the art at the time of the invention, and further furnishes a reference at the applicant's request. As seen in Fig. 2 of U.S. Patent No. 3,677,431 to Westfall, a two stage molding process is preferred to form the closure (24) and the finish ring (26) in the closed position before being applied to a container.

Conclusion

Applicant is duly reminded that a complete response must satisfy the requirements of 37 C.F. R. 1.111, including: "The reply must present arguments pointing out the specific distinctions believed to render the claims, including any newly presented claims, patentable over any applied references. A general allegation that the claims "define a patentable invention" without specifically pointing out how the language of the claims patentably distinguishes them from the references does not comply with the requirements of this section. Moreover, "The prompt development of a clear Issue requires that the replies of the applicant meet the objections to and rejections of the claims." Applicant should also specifically point out the support for any amendments

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made to the disclosure. See MPEP 2163.06 II(A), MPEP 2163.06 and MPEP 714.02. The "disclosure" includes the claims, the specification and the drawings.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to ANDREW T. KIRSCH whose telephone number is (571)270-5723. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F, 8am-5pm, off alt. Fridays.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Anthony Stashick can be reached on 571-272-4561. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Andrew T. Kirsch/

Examiner, Art Unit 3781

/Anthony Stashick/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 3781